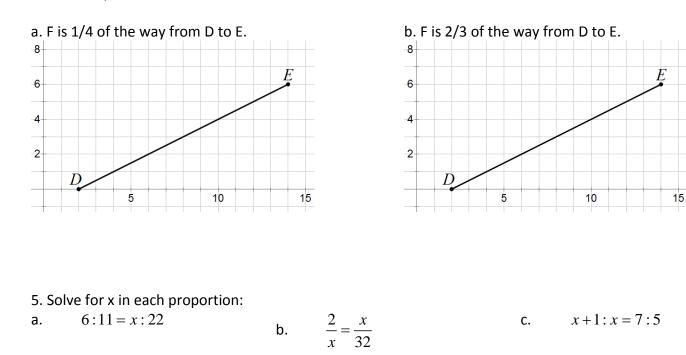
Geometry R – Mr. Bo Unit 8 – Day 1 HW

Name:	
Date:	

- 1. In parallelogram ABCD,  $m \angle A : m \angle B = 5 : 7$ . Find  $m \angle A$  and  $m \angle B$ .
- 2. The sides of a triangle are in the ratio 3:4:5. If the perimeter of the triangle is 48, find the lengths of the three sides.
- 3. The angles of a pentagon are in the ratio of 9:8:6:5:2. What is the measure of the largest angle?

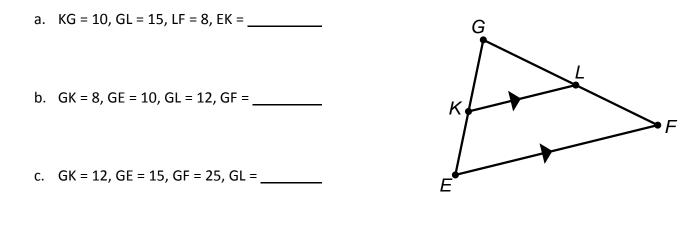
4. Find the point F on  $\overline{DE}$  such that:



6. Solve for x in each proportion: a.  $\frac{2}{x-3} = \frac{x+2}{12}$ 

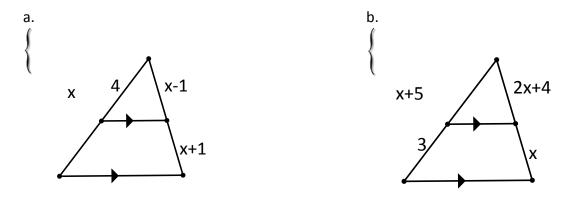
b. 
$$(x-4): x = 6: (x-3)$$

7. KL//EF. Use the "Triangle Side Splitter" Theorem to find the desired lengths in the picture.



d. KE = 12, GL = 15, GK = 10, GF = \_\_\_\_\_

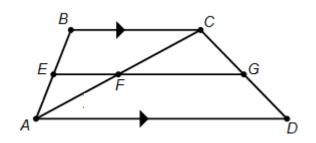
8. Solve for x in each. (Diagrams are not to scale)



9. Complete the Proof by filling in the missing reasons.

Given:  $\overline{EG}$  median of Trapezoid ABCD.

Prove: F is midpoint of  $\overline{AC}$ 



Statements	Reasons
1. $\overline{EG}$ median of Trapezoid ABCD.	1.
2. E midpoint of $\overline{AB}$	2.
3. $AE = BE$	3.
4. $\overline{EG} / / \overline{BC}$	4.
5. $\frac{AE}{BE} = \frac{AF}{CF}$	5. (Hint: Think about how statement #4 relates to $\triangle ABC$ )
6. $(AE)(CF) = (BE)(AF)$	6. (Hint: How we say "Cross Multiply" in geometry)
7. $(BE)(CF) = (BE)(AF)$	7. (Hint: Don't forget about statement #3)
8. $CF = AF$	8. (Hint: Maybe use something from algebra)
9. F midpoint of $\overline{AC}$	9.