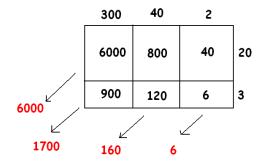
Lesson 9: Multiplying Polynomials

Classwork

Exercise 1

a. Gisella computed 342×23 as follows:



Can you explain what she is doing? What is her final answer?

Use a geometric diagram to compute the following products:

b.
$$(3x^2 + 4x + 2)(2x + 3)$$

c.
$$(2x^2 + 10x + 1)(x^2 + x + 1)$$



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d.
$$(x-1)(x^3+6x^2-5)$$

Exercise 2

Multiply the polynomials using the distributive property: $(3x^2 + x - 1)(x^4 - 2x + 1)$.

Exercise 3

The expression $10x^2 + 6x^3$ is the result of applying the distributive property to the expression $2x^2(5+3x)$. It is also the result of applying the distributive property to $2(5x^2+3x^3)$ or to $x(10x+6x^2)$, for example, or even to $1 \cdot (10x^2+6x^3)$.

For (a) to (j) below, write down an expression such that if you applied the distributive property to your expression, it would give the result presented. Give interesting answers!

a.
$$6a + 14a^2$$

b.
$$2x^4 + 2x^5 + 2x^{10}$$



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c.
$$6z^2 - 15z$$

d.
$$42w^3 - 14w + 77w^5$$

e.
$$z^2(a+b) + z^3(a+b)$$

f.
$$\frac{3}{2}s^2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

g.
$$15p^3r^4 - 6p^2r^5 + 9p^4r^2 + 3\sqrt{2}p^3r^6$$

h.
$$0.4x^9 - 40x^8$$

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i.
$$(4x + 3)(x^2 + x^3) - (2x + 2)(x^2 + x^3)$$

j.
$$(2z+5)(z-2)-(13z-26)(z-3)$$

Exercise 4

Sammy wrote a polynomial using only one variable, x, of degree 3. Myisha wrote a polynomial in the same variable of degree 5. What can you say about the degree of the product of Sammy's and Myisha's polynomials?

Extension

Find a polynomial that, when multiplied by $2x^2 + 3x + 1$, gives the answer $2x^3 + x^2 - 2x - 1$.



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Problem Set

Use the distributive property to write each of the following expressions as the sum of monomials.

a.
$$3a(4+a)$$

c.
$$\frac{1}{3}(12z + 18z^2)$$

e.
$$(x-4)(x+5)$$

g.
$$(10w - 1)(10w + 1)$$

i.
$$16s^{100} \left(\frac{1}{2}s^{200} + 0.125s \right)$$

k.
$$(x^2 - x + 1)(x - 1)$$

m.
$$(t-1)(t+1)(t^2+1)$$

o.
$$z(2z+1)(3z-2)$$

q.
$$\frac{x+y}{3}$$

s.
$$-5y(y^2 + y - 2) - 2(2 - y^3)$$

u.
$$(2x \div 9 + (5x) \div 2) \div (-2)$$

b.
$$x(x+2) + 1$$

d.
$$4x(x^3 - 10)$$

f.
$$(2z-1)(3z^2+1)$$

h.
$$(-5w - 3)w^2$$

j.
$$(2q+1)(2q^2+1)$$

I.
$$3xz(9xy + z) - 2yz(x + y - z)$$

n.
$$(w+1)(w^4-w^3+w^2-w+1)$$

$$p. \quad (x+y)(y+z)(z+x)$$

r.
$$(20f^{10} - 10f^5) \div 5$$

s.
$$-5y(y^2 + y - 2) - 2(2 - y^3)$$
 t. $\frac{(a+b-c)(a+b+c)}{17}$ sd

u.
$$(2x \div 9 + (5x) \div 2) \div (-2)$$
 v. $(-2f^3 - 2f + 1)(f^2 - f + 2)$

Use the distributive property (and your wits!) to write each of the following expressions as a sum of monomials. If the resulting polynomial is in one variable, write the polynomial in standard form.

a.
$$(a + b)^2$$

b.
$$(a+1)^2$$

c.
$$(3+b)^{2}$$

d.
$$(3+1)^2$$

e.
$$(x + y + z)^2$$

f.
$$(x+1+z)^2$$

g.
$$(3+z)^2$$

h.
$$(p+q)^3$$

i.
$$(p-1)^3$$

i.
$$(5+q)^3$$

3. Use the distributive property (and your wits!) to write each of the following expressions as a polynomial in standard form.

a.
$$(s^2 + 4)(s - 1)$$

c.
$$s(s^2 + 4)(s - 1)$$

e.
$$(u-1)(u^5 + u^4 + u^3 + u^2 + u + 1)$$

b.
$$3(s^2+4)(s-1)$$

d.
$$(s+1)(s^2+4)(s-1)$$

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f.
$$\sqrt{5}(u-1)(u^5+u^4+u^3+u^2+u+1)$$

g.
$$(u^7 + u^3 + 1)(u - 1)(u^5 + u^4 + u^3 + u^2 + u + 1)$$

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- Beatrice writes down every expression that appears in this problem set, one after the other, linking them with + signs between them. She is left with one very large expression on her page. Is that expression a polynomial expression? That is, is it algebraically equivalent to a polynomial?
 - What if she wrote signs between the expressions instead?
 - What if she wrote \times signs between the expressions instead?



Multiplying Polynomials



Lesson 9: