## Lesson 17: Equations Involving Factored Expressions

## Classwork

## Exercise 1

1. Solve each equation for $x$.
a. $x-10=0$
b. $\frac{x}{2}+20=0$
c. Demanding Dwight insists that you give him two solutions to the following equation:

$$
(x-10)\left(\frac{x}{2}+20\right)=0
$$

Can you provide him with two solutions?
d. Demanding Dwight now wants FIVE solutions to the following equation:

$$
(x-10)(2 x+6)\left(x^{2}-36\right)\left(x^{2}+10\right)\left(\frac{x}{2}+20\right)=0
$$

Can you provide him with five solutions?

Do you think there might be a sixth solution?

Consider the equation $(x-4)(x+3)=0$.
e. Rewrite the equation as a compound statement.
f. Find the two solutions to the equation.

## Example 1

Solve $2 x^{2}-10 x=0$, for $x$.

## Example 2

Solve $x(x-3)+5(x-3)=0$, for $x$.

## Exercises 2-7

2. $(x+1)(x+2)=0$
3. $(3 x-2)(x+12)=0$
4. $(x-3)(x-3)=0$
5. $(x+4)(x-6)(x-10)=0$
6. $x^{2}-6 x=0$
7. $x(x-5)+4(x-5)=0$

## Example 3

Consider the equation $(x-2)(2 x-3)=(x-2)(x+5)$. Lulu chooses to multiply through by $\frac{1}{x-2}$ and gets the answer $x=8$. But Poindexter points out that $x=2$ is also an answer, which Lulu missed.
a. What's the problem with Lulu's approach?
b. Use factoring to solve the original equation for $x$.

## Exercises 8-11

8. Use factoring to solve the equation for $x:(x-2)(2 x-3)=(x-2)(x+1)$.
9. Solve each of the following for $x$ :
a. $x+2=5$
b. $x^{2}+2 x=5 x$
c. $x(5 x-20)+2(5 x-20)=5(5 x-20)$
10. 

a. Verify: $(a-5)(a+5)=a^{2}-25$.
b. Verify: $(x-88)(x+88)=x^{2}-88^{2}$.
c. Verify: $A^{2}-B^{2}=(A-B)(A+B)$.
d. Solve for $x: x^{2}-9=5(x-3)$.
e. Solve for $w:(w+2)(w-5)=w^{2}-4$.
11. A string 60 inches long is to be laid out on a tabletop to make a rectangle of perimeter 60 inches. Write the width of the rectangle as $15+x$ inches. What is an expression for its length? What is an expression for its area? What value for $x$ gives an area of the largest possible value? Describe the shape of the rectangle for this special value of $x$.

## Lesson Summary

The zero-product property says that if $a b=0$, then either $a=0$ or $b=0$ or $a=b=0$.

## Problem Set

1. Find the solution set of each equation:
a. $\quad(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)=0$
b. $\quad(x-16.5)(x-109)=0$
c. $\quad x(x+7)+5(x+7)=0$
d. $x^{2}+8 x+15=0$
e. $(x-3)(x+3)=8 x$
2. Solve $x^{2}-11 x=0$, for $x$.
3. Solve $(p+3)(p-5)=2(p+3)$, for $p$. What solution do you lose if you simply divide by $p+3$ to get $p-5=2$ ?
4. The square of a number plus 3 times the number is equal to 4 . What is the number?
5. In the right triangle shown below, the length of side $A B$ is $x$, the length of side $B C$ is $x+2$, and the length of the hypotenuse $A C$ is $x+4$. Use this information to find the length of each side. (Use the Pythagorean theorem to get an equation, and solve for $x$.)

6. Using what you learned in this lesson, create an equation that has 53 and 22 as its only solutions.
